

令和8年度

宮崎国際大学入学者選抜試験問題

英 語

国際教養学部

教育学部

注意事項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この冊子及び解答用紙の中を見てはいけません。
2. この問題冊子は表紙を含めて7ページあります。(問題は2ページ目からです。)
3. 解答用紙は1枚です。試験開始後、解答用紙の所定の欄に、受験番号、氏名をはっきりと記入してください。
4. 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁、解答用紙の汚れなどがあった場合には、直ちに手を上げて監督者に申し出てください。
5. 英語の試験は、第1部【リスニング】と第2部【文法・語彙・会話・長文・作文】の2つの部分からなり、全体で時間は70分です。試験開始から約15分で第1部【リスニング】を、残りの時間で第2部【文法・語彙・会話・長文・作文】を行います。
6. 解答は、問題ごとに、解答用紙の指定された箇所に記入してください。
7. 時間内に解答し終わっても、退出はできません。
8. 試験中に質問等があるときは、黙って手を上げてください。
9. 不正行為について
 - ①不正行為に対しては厳正に対処します。
 - ②不正行為があった場合、その時点で受験を取りやめさせ、退室させます。

第1部【リスニング】

Part 1. Listening-Prompt & Response:

For questions 1-10, listen to the conversation, then choose the next line. The conversations will be read twice. (10 points)

1. A) Thank you, I'll sit here.
B) I am very tired now.
C) I don't want to talk.
2. A) You should go together.
B) I will go with my brother.
C) I am not good at surfing.
3. A) You should print it out.
B) I am using this printer.
C) You had better send it by email.
4. A) Thanks, but I still need more practice.
B) Thanks, I don't like practicing.
C) Thanks, my computer is new.
5. A) The weather is very nice today.
B) I'll be on time next time.
C) I don't like studying math.
6. A) That's great! Did you get it on sale?
B) Well, it looks like you just bought it!
C) No, my father bought one for me.
7. A) No, sorry, I left my smartphone at home today.
B) Yes, I'm starting my trip next week.
C) Maybe I will at lunch.
8. A) Let me check the map and see where we are.
B) Let's get on this bus right away!
C) Try to remember where we are, or we will get lost next time.
9. A) Please give me your homework.
B) I don't like soccer.
C) OK, I'll join!
10. A) No. I think you're fine.
B) No. You should change your shirt.
C) Yes! I will change my shirt as soon as I get home.

Part 2. Listening-Monologue:

**For questions 11-15, listen to the long talk, then choose the best answer to the question.
The talk will be read twice. (5 points)**

<You have 30 seconds to answer.>

11. You should bring _____ 2 liters of water per person per day.
A) no more than
B) only
C) at least
D) more than
12. According to the passage, if rain is expected, you should pack _____.
A) comfortable shoes
B) an umbrella
C) a tent
D) rain clothing
13. According to the passage, which camping spot is best?
A) Beside a river
B) A field surrounded by trees
C) On a high spot beside a valley
D) Close to a parking lot
14. According to the passage, a flashlight and map will help you to avoid _____.
A) wild animals
B) becoming lost
C) wasting time
D) choosing a bad campsite
15. Who would probably benefit most from this passage?
A) outdoor activity experts
B) people who work in the forest
C) professional tour guides
D) people who want to relax outside

Part 3. Listening-Conversation:

For numbers 16 and 17, listen to the conversation, then match each person with choices from the list on the right. The conversation will be read twice. (5 points)

<You have 30 seconds to answer.>

16. Kenji ()

17. Maria ()

- A) Photo booth with yukata
 - B) Poster about Japanese calligraphy
 - C) Music performance with shamisen
 - D) Event program design (reviewing it)
 - E) Talk about British food (helping with slides)

第2部【文法・語彙・会話・長文・作文】

Question 1

Select the most appropriate option from A to D to fill in the blank.

(20 points)

- 1) The girl was so () at the concert that she could not stop dancing around.
A) excite B) excites C) excited D) exciting
- 2) Please ask your friend () early tomorrow so she can help with the party.
A) come B) coming C) will come D) to come
- 3) If he () the train, he would have arrived on time.
A) catches B) will catch C) had caught D) has caught
- 4) When the manager heard about the mistake, he immediately () his temper.
A) lost B) missed C) dropped D) failed
- 5) The older my dog gets, () he walks.
A) less B) the less C) fewer D) the fewer
- 6) That shirt looks nice () you.
A) on B) in C) of D) about
- 7) Thank you for the present. This is really () I wanted.
A) which B) why C) what D) that
- 8) () I've lived here for many years, there are some places in the city I've never seen.
A) Although B) Therefore C) However D) But
- 9) Children with scissors must be watched carefully so they do not hurt ().
A) by itself B) itself C) themselves D) own self
- 10) I can lend you the money for the new game () you return it by next week.
A) when B) unless C) as long as D) because

Question 2

Here is a conversation between Jack and Akemi. Jack is a student at this school. Akemi is a new student. Fill in the blank to complete the conversation. Write at least 4 words in each blank.

(16 points)

Jack: Do you know where to go on your first day?

Akemi: Mrs. Peterson said I should pick up my books from the school office. Where is that?

Jack: That's easy. The school office is (1). Where do you go after that?

Akemi: After I get my books, I need to take some art supplies up to the art room.

Jack: Oh, I'm sorry to hear that. There is no elevator.

Akemi: What? Why? Where is the art room?

Jack: It's (2) the self-study room. I hope you like stairs.

Akemi: No! I hate stairs!

Jack: Why do you hate stairs?

Akemi: Because (3).

Jack: Oh, okay. So, what do you need to do after your long climb?

Akemi: Nothing, I think. I have about an hour before my first class.

Jack: Well, if you want to relax, why don't you (4)



Question 3

Read the passage and answer the following questions.

(20 points)

Have you ever tried to imagine what daily life would have been like thousands of years ago? Through exploring the remains of the ancient city of Chatalhoyuk, scientists are able to get a picture of how a group of ancient people lived. They are able to see that while some things were completely different from our lives today, there were some aspects of life that are the same.

Chatalhoyuk is located in an area of modern Turkiye, and people lived there about 9,000 years ago. About 10,000 people lived there, which made it a very large city for the time. Interestingly, the city has no roads or public buildings. All of the houses were underground, and (1) going out of a door onto a street people would climb stairs to exit through a hole in the ceiling. Then they would walk over the roofs of other houses to get where they were going!

Like people today, people in Chatalhoyuk loved their homes. The rooms they lived in were very clean. They painted pictures in red paint directly on their walls and made figures of clay. When people died the clay figures were put in the ground with them, so we think that the people of Chatalhoyuk may have had some kind of religion. Many of the statues were of women, so it is thought that the people believed in a female goddess or goddesses.

Interestingly, the society of Chatalhoyuk is thought to be very egalitarian. It seems that there were no kings or queens and men and women were equally important. Men and women seem to have gotten the same amount of food, for example. Some scientists believe that important tools were not privately owned but were shared among all the people.

What happened to the people of Chatalhoyuk? We don't know, but it may be a very modern problem: overcrowding. It may seem strange to think of a city of 10,000 people as being too crowded, but it may be that living very closely caused a lot of stress for people. Scientists have found evidence of fights and violence. This may have caused the community to break up and move to other areas. It is lucky that they left so much of their civilization for us to find.

Questions

- 1) What phrase fits into blank (1) ?
- A) after
 - B) while
 - C) instead of
 - D) since

- 2) Why do we think people in Chatalhoyuk had some kind of religion?
- A) They painted the walls of their houses red.
 - B) They buried dead people with clay statues.
 - C) They kept their houses very clean.
 - D) They thought women were important.
- 3) Based on Paragraph 4, in an “egalitarian” society, all people have _____ status.
- A) similar
 - B) different
 - C) high
 - D) low
- 4) What would be a good title for this essay?
- A) A look at life in 7,000 BCE
 - B) Ancient cities in Turkiye
 - C) How Chatalhoyuk was discovered.
 - D) The danger of overcrowding

Question 4

Read the passage and answer the following questions.

(24 points)

Studying abroad offers many exciting opportunities, but it also brings challenges that require patience and effort. When students move to another country, they must adjust to a different culture, language, and daily lifestyle. At first, many experience “culture shock,” which can include feelings of confusion, loneliness, or even stress. For example, everyday tasks such as shopping for food, understanding public transportation, or greeting people in a polite way may feel unfamiliar and difficult.

Over time, these challenges often decrease as students make friends, join school clubs, and slowly build confidence in their new surroundings. Living abroad also develops important life skills. Students learn independence by managing their own schedules, cooking meals, and solving unexpected problems, such as getting lost or misunderstanding local customs. Although studying abroad is not always easy, most students later say that the experience helped them grow as individuals and gave them valuable new perspectives on the world.

In 80–100 words, explain how studying abroad might change the way you see the world. Use at least one idea from the passage, and add your own opinion or example.